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PII: S0165-0327(16)30690-5
DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2016.09.062
Reference: JAD8536

To appear in: Journal of Affective Disorders

Received date: 26 April 2016
Revised date: 15 August 2016
Accepted date: 5 September 2016

Cite this article as: Trine Vik Lagerberg, Sofie Ragnhild Aminoff, Monica Aas, Thomas Bjella, Chantal Henry, Marion Leboyer, Geir Pedersen, Frank Bellivier Romain Icick, Ole A. Andreassen, Bruno Etain and Ingrid Melle, Alcohol use disorders are associated with increased affective lability in bipolar disorder Journal of Affective Disorders, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2016.09.062

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Alcohol use disorders are associated with increased affective lability in bipolar disorder


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ABSTRACT

Background: Affective dysregulation is a core feature of bipolar disorder (BD), and inter-episodic affect lability is associated with more severe outcomes including comorbidity. Rates of daily tobacco smoking and substance use disorders in BD are high. Knowledge regarding relationships between affective lability and abuse of the most commonly used substances such as tobacco, alcohol and cannabis in BD is limited.

Methods: We investigated whether dimensions of inter-episodic affective lability as measured with the Affective Lability Scale – short form (ALS-SF) were associated with lifetime daily tobacco use or
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