Future S&T management policy issues—2025 global scenarios

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Abstract

This article presents four scenarios depicting science and technology (S&T) management dilemmas of the next two decades. The scenarios concern the balance between risk and promise, between the need to steer the directions of S&T, to minimize risk, and the need to maintain a free and unconstrained S&T agenda. These scenarios were constructed in the third year of the Millennium Project’s study of this topic. The scenarios were formed in an interactive process with the project’s international participants. The key policies that were found to be useful in all of the scenarios include (1) when considering the possibility of the misuse of weapons of mass destruction by terrorists, include the possibility of misuse by a single individual, acting alone; (2) establish mechanisms and techniques for making possible the explicit unintended consequences of scientific research and technology, including malicious uses; (3) for desirable technologies, where it may not be possible to avoid significant risks, develop mitigation strategies in parallel; (4) teach science ethics.

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1. Introduction

Over the past three years, the Millennium Project has conducted a study of future issues in science and technology (S&T) management, involving a well-informed and internationally diverse panel of futurists, scientists, and policy advisors. The first year’s work explored key questions about the future of S&T and sought initial answers or actions for each issue. This was accomplished through a two-round questionnaire and a series of workshops with Science Attachés in Washington, DC.

With that background in hand, the third year’s research reported in this article was designed to create a set of alternative scenarios that made S&T management policy issues explicit against a variety of plausible backdrops. A two-round questionnaire (to which 122 participants responded) was used to collect judgments about the content of the scenarios. The results were used to write the four scenarios included here. Some conclusions about the needed and effective S&T policy were drawn from these scenarios, and the conclusions are presented in this paper after the scenarios.

1.1. Four scenarios on future S&T management issues—abstract

1.1.1. Scenario 1: S&T develops a mind of its own

The rate of scientific discoveries and advanced technological applications exploded. A global science/social feedback system was at work; science made people smarter, and smarter people made better and faster science. Better and faster science opened new doors to discovery, and new doors led to synergies and solving of old roadblocks. Removing the roadblocks created new science that made people smarter. S&T moved so fast that government and international regulations were left in the dust. Science and technology appeared to be taking on a mind of its own.

1.1.2. Scenario 2: The world wakes up

The murder of 25 million people in the mid-2010s by a self-proclaimed Agent of God, who created the genetically modified Congo virus, finally woke the world up to the realization that an individual acting alone could create and use a weapon of mass destruction. This phenomenon became known as Single Individual Massively Destructive (SIMAD). Regulator agencies and mechanisms were put into place to control the science- and technology-related dangers that became apparent. Education was a big part of the answer, but connecting the educational systems with the security systems was disturbing to some people. Never-

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1 The results of the first year’s work have been reported in Glenn and Gordon, State of the Future, American Council for the United Nations University, Washington, DC, July 2001.
2 The complete study, including the questionnaires themselves and the responses, can be found in Glenn and Gordon, State of the Future, American Council for the United Nations University, July 2003.
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