

Petri Net-based workflow management systems for in-process control in a plastic processing plant

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Abstract

To manage a complex system, an operation model is proposed for evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of each possible plan. During the planning process, an easy-to-use modeling system for operation modeling could be very useful for assisting the shop floor manager to understand and predict the performance of operation plans. In this paper, the Petri Net is used as a tool to realize the proposed modeling concept. Derived from the basic Colored Petri Net (CPN) language, a Modular Colored Petri Net (MCPN), composed of a number of CPN Modules (CPNMs), is proposed for this adaptive modeling approach. The CPN in each CPNM represents the discrete event logic of the corresponding operation. Despatching rules of the material and activities are modeled by the components and functions of the CPNs in these CPNMs, and the dynamics of the system can be modeled by the transition firing and connections amongst them. In this way, the time and cost for the development and maintenance of the shop floor operation model can be reduced. The application of the system in in-process control in a plastic processing plant is illustrated in the paper.

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1. Introduction

1.1. Workflow management

A workflow management system (WMS) is defined as a system that completely defines, manages, and executes workflow through a software application where the order of execution is driven by a computer representation of the workflow logic [1]. The basic functions of a WMS, including the definition of tasks and procedures, are discussed in [2]. Management of workflow covers the manipulation of information involved in controlling, monitoring, optimizing and supporting a business process. Since workflow management develops a systematic foundation to specify and manipulate information, it can be adopted to solve many communication problems in production management. With an effective WMS in the system, business policies and practices can be automatically deployed, implemented, monitored, measured and, if necessary, improved. Moreover, with an in-depth understanding and a well-defined formal definition of the busi-

ness processes in an organization in the development and operation of a WMS, the flow of business processes can be continuously improved through systematic analyses. Adoption of an effective WMS can also foster better tracking of business processes and enhance the reliability of the operation system.

A typical plastic processing routing involves a large number of steps in complex sequences in various stages of the operation, such as planning, preparation, forming, finishing, decoration and recycling. Examples of some common steps are given in Table 1.

These complex sequences of tasks involve various types of resources such as machines, operators and their skills, etc. It is found that since each step requires only its specific resource, other resources are usually in an idle state. In order to optimize the productivity of the resources, the allocation of work to them must be carefully planned and managed. A workflow system for a material processing environment to speed up its work by eliminating non-value work both within and between operations and to balance the overall work load to improving the overall efficiency is required. It is used as a tool to assist different levels of executives, engineers and clerical staff to improve their productivity.

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Table 1
Examples of the steps in a typical plastic product production using the injection molding method

| Categories | Sub-categories | Examples | Required/labor resource |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Planning | | Mold design | Engineer |
| | | Machine selection | Engineer |
| | | Material selection | Engineer |
| Preparation | Material preparation | Drying | Drying chamber/labor |
| | | De-airing | Vacuum chamber/labor |
| | Mold preparation | De-rust | Mold/labor |
| | | Cleanup | Mold/labor |
| | | Mold setup | Mold/special labor |
| | Machine preparation | Container cleanup | Injection machine/labor |
| | | Hooper filling | Injection machine/labor |
| | | Barrel filling | Injection machine/labor |
| | | Test injection | Mold, injection machine/special labor |
| Forming | | Injection molding | Injection machine/special labor |
| Finishing | | Parting | Labor |
| | | De-solventing | Labor |
| | | Deblurring | Files/labor |
| Decoration | | Printing | Print machine/labor |
| | | Hot stamping | Hot plating machine/labor |
| | | Pad plating | Pad plating machine/labor |
| | | Spraying | Spraying machine/labor |
| Recycling | | Internal recycling | Granulating machine/labor |
| | | External recycling | Labor |

For effective planning of a complex system, an operation model has to be constructed for evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of each proposed plan during the planning process. However, owing to the complexity of such a model, the development process using traditional methods is usually time-consuming and error-prone. To overcome these problems, which are mainly due to the ill-organized and partitioned structure of the specification of operation and its components, a more systematic and structural methodology is required.

Objects and events to be handled in a workflow system in a plastic process plant cover a wide range of tasks at different levels of aggregation. However, a number of basic types of primitive elements of a workflow model were categorized in [4] as shown in Table 2.

1.2. An example: an injection molding workshop

This example describes an injection molding workshop with three injection machines, Machine_1001 to 1003.

Table 2
Elements of a workflow system

| Elements | Definition and features | Examples in plastics processing |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Business process (sub-process) | It is a set of one or more linked procedures or activities which collectively realize a business objective or policy goal, normally within the context of an organizational structure defining functional roles and relationships | Produce 300 Product_A (including Machine, Mold and Material preparation, Machine Setup, etc.) |
| Task | It is the smallest meaningful unit of work | Fill material into hopper |
| Resource | It is the tool or other substance that is required for the execution of some work items | Operator_1 |
| Work item | It is a task which needs to be executed for a specific case. Some work items are executed by a resource | Fill material for Product_A into hopper of Machine_1 |
| Activity | It is a work item which is being executed by a specific resource | Fill material for Product_A into hopper of Machine_1 by Operator_1 |

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