

Accepted Manuscript

Exchange rate fluctuations and immigrants' labour market outcomes: New evidence from Australian household panel data

Ha Trong Nguyen, Alan Duncan

PII: S0022-1996(16)30170-2
DOI: doi:[10.1016/j.jinteco.2016.12.010](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jinteco.2016.12.010)
Reference: INEC 3012

To appear in: *Journal of International Economics*

Received date: 3 April 2015
Revised date: 27 December 2016
Accepted date: 27 December 2016



Please cite this article as: Nguyen, Ha Trong, Duncan, Alan, Exchange rate fluctuations and immigrants' labour market outcomes: New evidence from Australian household panel data, *Journal of International Economics* (2017), doi:[10.1016/j.jinteco.2016.12.010](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jinteco.2016.12.010)

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

**Exchange rate fluctuations and immigrants' labour market outcomes:
New evidence from Australian household panel data**

Ha Trong Nguyen*

Bankwest Curtin Economics Centre,
Curtin University

Alan Duncan

Bankwest Curtin Economics Centre,
Curtin University

Abstract:

In this paper, we exploit plausibly exogenous changes in exchange rates across home countries over time and panel data to identify the causal impact of exchange rate fluctuations on Australian immigrants' labour market outcomes. We present new and robust evidence that, unlike immigrants in the US, those in Australia as a whole do not reduce their yearly labour market outcomes when the local currency appreciates. While female immigrants don't adjust their labour activities, male immigrants reduce their weekly labour supply and hence earn less when the Australian dollar appreciates. This work also highlights the importance of controlling for individual heterogeneity as well as the gender when modelling the labour market behaviour of immigrants.

Key words: exchange rate, labour supply, immigrants, Australia.

JEL classification: F31, J22, J61.

* **Acknowledgements:** We would like to acknowledge the comments made by Nina Pavcnik, the Co-Editor, and the anonymous reviewers for Journal of International Economics. We thank Hielke Buddelmeyer and participants at the 25th Australian Labour Market Workshop for their comments and suggestions. We gratefully acknowledge research assistance from Christian Duplock and Huong Le. This paper uses unit record data from the Household, Income and Labour Dynamics in Australia (HILDA) Survey. The HILDA Project was initiated and is funded by the Australian Government Department of Social Services (DSS) and is managed by the Melbourne Institute of Applied Economic and Social Research (Melbourne Institute). The findings and views reported in this paper, however, are those of the authors and should not be attributed to either DSS or the Melbourne Institute.

Corresponding author: Bankwest Curtin Economics Centre | Curtin Business School | Curtin University | Tel:+61 8 9266 5711 | Fax:+61 8 9266 2373 | Postal: Bankwest Curtin Economics Centre, GPO Box U1987, Perth WA 6845, Australia | Email: ha.nguyen@curtin.edu.au.

متن کامل مقاله

دریافت فوری ←

ISIArticles

مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران

- ✓ امکان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگلیسی
- ✓ امکان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
- ✓ پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
- ✓ امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
- ✓ امکان دانلود رایگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
- ✓ امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
- ✓ دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
- ✓ پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات