Accepted Manuscript

A unisex stochastic mortality model to comply with EU Gender Directive

An Chen, Elena Vigna

PII: S0167-6687(16)30053-1

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.insmatheco.2017.01.007

Reference: INSUMA 2319

To appear in: Insurance: Mathematics and Economics

Received date: February 2016 Revised date: January 2017 Accepted date: 24 January 2017



Please cite this article as: Chen, A., Vigna, E., A unisex stochastic mortality model to comply with EU Gender Directive. *Insurance: Mathematics and Economics* (2017), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.insmatheco.2017.01.007

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A unisex stochastic mortality model to comply with EU Gender Directive*

An Chen [†] Elena Vigna[‡]

January 24, 2017

Abstract

EU Gender Directive ruled out discrimination against gender in charging premium for insurance products. This prohibition prevents the use of the standard actuarial fairness principle to price life insurance products. According to current actuarial practice, unisex premiums are calculated with a simple weighting rule of the gender-specific life tables. This procedure is likely to violate portfolio fairness principles. Up to our knowledge, in the actuarial literature there is no unisex mortality model that respects the unisex fairness principle. This paper is the first attempt to fill this gap. First, we recall the notion of unisex fairness principle and the corresponding unisex fair premium. Then, we provide a unisex stochastic mortality model for the mortality intensity that is underlying the pricing of a life portfolio of females and males belonging to the same cohort. Finally, we calibrate the unisex mortality model using the unisex fairness principle. We find that the weighting coefficient between the males' and females' own mortalities depends mainly on the quote of portfolio relative to each gender, on the

^{*}We thank the participants to the 19th International Congress on Insurance: Mathematics and Economics and those to the 3rd European Actuarial Journal Conference for useful remarks. We are indebted to Paolo De Angelis, Kristian Buchardt, Montserrat Guillen, Elisa Luciano, Pietro Millossovich, Luca Regis and two anonymous referees for very valuable comments that improved the paper.

[†]Department of Mathematics and Economics, University of Ulm. Email: an.chen@uni-ulm.de.

[‡]Corresponding author. University of Torino, Collegio Carlo Alberto and CeRP, Italy. Email: elena.vigna@unito.it.

دريافت فورى ب متن كامل مقاله

ISIArticles مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران

- ✔ امكان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگليسي
 - ✓ امكان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
 - ✓ پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
- ✓ امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
 - ✓ امكان دانلود رايگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
 - ✔ امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
 - ✓ دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
- ✓ پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات