Accepted Manuscript

The Contribution of Early Childhood and Schools to Cognitive Gaps: New Evidence from Peru

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 PII:
 S0272-7757(17)30402-8

 DOI:
 10.1016/j.econedurev.2018.03.009

 Reference:
 ECOEDU 1789

To appear in: Economics of Education Review

Received date:4 July 2017Revised date:16 February 2018Accepted date:27 March 2018

Please cite this article as: Juan F. Castro , Caine Rolleston , The Contribution of Early Childhood and Schools to Cognitive Gaps: New Evidence from Peru, *Economics of Education Review* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.econedurev.2018.03.009

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Highlights

- We measure the contribution of early childhood and school influences to the cognitive gap between urban and rural eight-year-old children in Peru.
- We argue and empirically illustrate how our decomposition strategy is less prone to biases than those employed before.
- We find that school influences occurring between ages 6 and 8 account for a significant share of urban/rural cognitive gap (around 35%).
- The share attributable to early childhood influences is important but no larger than 50%.

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