Accepted Manuscript

Does Housing Unaffordability Crowd Out Elites in Chinese Superstar Cities?

Jie Chen, Mingzhi Hu, Zhenguo Lin

PII: S1051-1377(17)30107-9 DOI: 10.1016/j.jhe.2018.03.003

Reference: YJHEC 1571

To appear in: Journal of Housing Economics

Received date: 20 April 2017 Revised date: 7 March 2018 Accepted date: 16 March 2018



Please cite this article as: Jie Chen, Mingzhi Hu, Zhenguo Lin, Does Housing Unaffordability Crowd Out Elites in Chinese Superstar Cities?, *Journal of Housing Economics* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.jhe.2018.03.003

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Does Housing Unaffordability Crowd Out Elites in Chinese Superstar Cities?

Jie Chen
Department of Investment
School of Public Economics and Administration
Shanghai University of Finance and Economics
Shanghai 200433, China
chen.jie@mail.shufe.edu.cn

Mingzhi Hu
Department of Investment
School of Public Economics and Administration
Shanghai University of Finance and Economics
Shanghai 200433, China
hu mingzhi@outlook.com

Zhenguo Lin
Hollo School of Real Estate
College of Business
Florida International University
zlin@fiu.edu

Abstract

With prices soaring in Chinese superstar cities (i.e., Beijing, Shanghai, Guangzhou and Shenzhen), housing is becoming increasingly unaffordable. This paper investigates whether housing unaffordability crowds out elites in Chinese superstar cities. Using both micro- and macro-level data from China's Urban Household Survey and China Statistical Yearbook for Regional Economy, we find that, in general, elites still prefer superstar cities. However, there is evidence that the attractiveness of superstar cities has declined over time. In addition, we find that the next-tier cities (i.e., alternative cities) become increasingly attractive to elites. These findings provide strong evidence of the crowding out effect on elites in Chinese superstar cities due to their housing unaffordability.

Key words: Housing price; Crowd out; Elites; Superstar cities; Alternative cities **JEL:** R23; J61

1. Introduction

When the Communist Party took power in 1949, all new housing stocks in urban China were built by the government and allocated to state-unit employees for free (Huang,

دريافت فورى ب متن كامل مقاله

ISIArticles مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران

- ✔ امكان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگليسي
 - ✓ امكان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
 - ✓ پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
- ✓ امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
 - ✓ امكان دانلود رايگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
 - ✔ امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
 - ✓ دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
- ✓ پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات