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#### **ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT**

#### "MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF DISSIMILAR STEEL-ALUMINUM WELDS"

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#### Abstract

Knowledge of the properties of dissimilar welds is of great significance for the development of multimaterial lightweight structures. In this study, stainless steel (1.4301) and aluminum alloy (6082-T6) sheets were welded in overlap configuration in keyhole mode. The resulting weld metals were investigated with respect to their mechanical properties. Several samples were cut out of different locations along the welds and their cross-sections were subjected to indentation testing and energy dispersive X-ray (EDS) analysis. Young's modulus *E*, yield stress  $\sigma_y$ , and strain hardening exponent *n*, were determined by means of reverse analysis of the indentation load (*P*) – depth (*h*) curves, allowing construction of true stress – true strain relations. An essential increase in yield stress in comparison to the one of the base alloys was observed inside the weld metal. In contrary, Young's modulus and strain hardening exponent of the welds were almost identical to corresponding values of the base steel metal. Due to the sensitivity of yield stress to the aluminum content, slight variations of the welding parameters lead to significant changes in elastic-plastic behavior of the weld metal.

| Keywords: Mechanical properties, Inde | entation, Reverse ana | alysis, EDS measurement | s, Dissimilar steel |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| aluminum welding, FEM                 |                       |                         |                     |

#### Introduction

Growing needs for steel-aluminum hybrid structures having good ratio of mechanical properties to production costs, lead to the development of new various welding techniques for these materials [1–6]. Especially, great importance was lately focused on laser welding in overlap configuration in key-hole mode [7–14]. In these studies, simple one pass laser welding [7–10] as well as more advanced techniques such as pulsed laser welding [11], laser welding using pre-placed activating flux [12], two pass laser welding [13] and laser welding with a magnetic field perpendicular to the welding direction [14] were used for joining of different steel-aluminum alloys combinations.

One of the earliest research investigating the basic features of this type of welding was conducted by Sierra et al. [7]. They studied joining of low carbon steel onto 6000 series aluminum alloy. It was

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