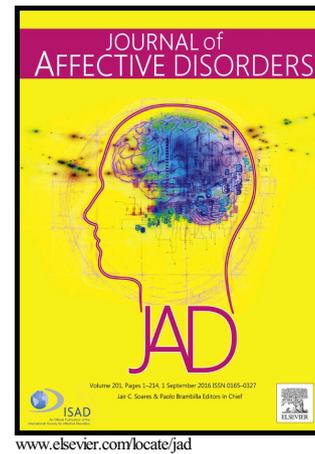


Author's Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0165-0327(17)30818-2
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2017.08.050>
Reference: JAD9169

To appear in: *Journal of Affective Disorders*

Received date: 22 April 2017
Revised date: 6 July 2017
Accepted date: 15 August 2017

Cite this article as: E. Asselmann, J. Stender, H.J. Grabe, J. König, C.O. Schmidt, A.O. Hamm and C. Pané-Farré, Assessing the interplay of childhood adversities with more recent stressful life events and conditions in predicting panic pathology among adults from the general population, *Journal of Affective Disorders*, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2017.08.050>

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**Assessing the interplay of childhood adversities with more recent stressful life events
and conditions in predicting panic pathology among adults from the general
population**

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Abstract

Background

Although research suggests that (a) childhood adversities and more recent stressful life events/ conditions are risk factors for panic pathology and that (b) early life stress increases vulnerability to later psychopathology, it remains unclear whether childhood adversities amplify the association between more recent stressful life events/ conditions and panic pathology.

Methods

Data were derived from a general population sample (Study of Health in Pomerania, SHIP). Lifetime panic pathology was assessed with the Munich Composite International Diagnostic Interview (M-CIDI). Childhood adversities (emotional, physical and sexual abuse; emotional

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