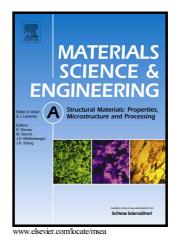
Author's Accepted Manuscript

Characterisation and constitutive model of tensile properties of selective laser melted Ti-6Al-4V struts for microlattice structures

Zhiyong Wang, Peifeng Li



 PII:
 S0921-5093(18)30504-5

 DOI:
 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2018.04.006

 Reference:
 MSA36326

To appear in: Materials Science & Engineering A

Received date: 12 September 2017 Revised date: 2 April 2018 Accepted date: 3 April 2018

Cite this article as: Zhiyong Wang and Peifeng Li, Characterisation and constitutive model of tensile properties of selective laser melted Ti-6Al-4V struts for microlattice structures, *Materials Science & Engineering A*, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2018.04.006

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Characterisation and constitutive model of tensile properties of selective laser melted Ti-6Al-4V struts for microlattice structures

Zhiyong Wang^a, Peifeng Li^{b*}

^aSchool of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Nanyang Technological University,

Singapore

^bSchool of Engineering, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, UK

*Corresponding author. Tel.: +44 141 330 2703. peifeng.li@glasgow.ac.uk (P. Li)

Abstract

Predicting the mechanical performance of selective laser melted (SLM) microlattice structures requires the constitutive data of the parent solid material in the struts. This work first characterised the cross-sectional features of individual SLM Ti-6Al-4V struts. The direct examination revealed the non-linear relation between the equivalent diameter and the Feret diameter of a strut, which was quantified by an empirical equation. The equation considering surface roughness effects allowed the non-destructive determination of the equivalent diameter using the directly measured Feret diameter prior to tension testing. Uniaxial tension experiments were then performed to accurately measure the constitutive behaviour of SLM Ti-6Al-4V struts, with the strain history tracked and recorded using high resolution imaging. It was

دريافت فورى 🛶 متن كامل مقاله

- امکان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگلیسی
 امکان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
 پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
 امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
 امکان دانلود رایگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
 امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
 دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
 پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات
- ISIArticles مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران