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## Evaluation of environmental impacts of citric acid and glycerol outdoor softwood treatment: case-study.

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11 Keywords: Life cycle assessment; Outdoor wood siding; Biobased wood treatment; Residential building

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## 13 Abstract

Over the last few decades, wood modification has been performed to improve wood product technical 14 performance. Using renewable based chemicals for wood modification is an innovative alternative to the non-15 16 renewable petrochemicals commonly used. However, it should be kept in mind that having the raw material 17 from renewable sources does not guarantee zero environmental impacts. In this study, the treatment considered uses citric acid and glycerol mixture; two chemical products derived from renewable sources. In the residential 18 19 building context of Quebec-Canada, the cradle-to-grave life cycle assessment for untreated and treated lodgepole pine wood siding was performed and compared. The results obtained show that the treated wood 20 21 siding has higher environmental impacts than the untreated wood siding, in spite of its longer service life. This is partially caused by the high contribution of citric acid production used for treatment. The current service life 22 expectancy of treated wood siding was estimated to be 2.8 times longer than the one of untreated wood siding 23 24 based on standardized durability test and classification (AWPA E 10-12 and ASTM D 2017-05). Sensitivity analysis showed that life cycle impacts of treated wood siding become lower than those from untreated wood 25 26 siding when service life expectancy reaches 5-times that of untreated wood siding. Life cycle assessment could 27 be used for guidance in developing better treatments to improve their environmental impacts.

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