ARTICLE IN PRESS

Journal of the Egyptian Society of Cardio-Thoracic Surgery xxx (2017) 1–7



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Journal of the Egyptian Society of Cardio-Thoracic Surgery

journal homepage: http://www.journals.elsevier.com/journal-ofthe-egyptian-society-of-cardio-thoracic-surgery/



Sexual dysfunction before and after coronary artery bypass graft surgery in males

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ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 15 February 2017 Received in revised form 26 February 2017 Accepted 5 March 2017 Available online xxx

Keywords: Coronary artery bypass graft Sexual dysfunction Impotence Ejaculation

ABSTRACT

Background: Decreased sexual activity and function are common in patients with CVD and are often interrelated to anxiety and depression. A vast majority of patients won't be able to resume their normal sexual activity after a cardiac event or procedure. Objective: To evaluate and compare the pattern of sexual dysfunction before and after coronary artery bypass graft surgery in male patients.

Methods: The study included all male patients aged less than 60 years, who were candidate for on-pump CABG at Ain Shams University Hospital. Patients underwent the following tests: Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV (SCID-I) to exclude psychiatric morbidity affecting the patients' sexual functions. Arabic male version of Sexual behavioral questionnaire (SBQ) for determination of incidence and type of sexual dysfunctions and the Arabic version of Marital Satisfaction Inventory (MSI) which was applied for the patients' wives. Assessment was performed 2 days pre-operatively and 12 weeks after surgery.

Results: Compared to the preoperative state, there was a significant deterioration of sexual functions in patients after CABG surgery. Impairment was evident in elements of ejaculation, erection, sexual excitement, and enjoyment and satisfaction items of SBQ (P \leq 0.0001). Logistic regression analysis was performed to evaluate the predictive factors for sexual dysfunction, which revealed that prolonged CPBT was significantly correlated with the incidence of premature ejaculation (P = 0.04) and the need for re-exploration was significantly correlated with reduced patients' sexual excitement post operatively (P = 0.04).

Conclusions: Sexual dysfunction is not uncommon following CABG surgery however, sexual counseling is still not being addressed adequately. Participation in the rehabilitation program is the responsibility of the cardiac surgeons, rehabilitation nurses and the patient's partner.

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http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jescts.2017.03.001

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Please cite this article in press as: Mourad F, et al., Sexual dysfunction before and after coronary artery bypass graft surgery in males, Journal of the Egyptian Society of Cardio-Thoracic Surgery (2017), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jescts.2017.03.001

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Peer review under responsibility of The Egyptian Society of Cardio-thoracic Surgery.

Glossary of abbreviations:

AMI acute myocardial infarction

CABG coronary artery bypass graft surgery

CCT Cross Clamp Time

CPB Cardiopulmonary bypass
CPBT cardiopulmonary bypass time
CVA cerebrovascular accident

CVD cardiovascular disease

DSM-IV Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 4th Edition

DSM-IV-TR Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 4th Edition, Text Revision

ED erectile dysfunction EF Ejection Fraction HTN Hypertension

LAD left anterior descending
LIMA left internal mammary artery
MSI Marital Satisfaction Inventory
MSI marital satisfaction inventory
PCI percutaneous coronary intervention

OoL: quality of life

SBQ Sexual behavioral questionnaire SBQ Suicide Behavior Questionnaire

SCID-I: Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV Axis I Disorders

SVG saphenous vein graft

1. Introduction

Quality of life is a reflection for all physiological and psychosocial aspects of well-being and integrity, so it represents an important measure of the success of a medical/surgical intervention beyond simple high survival rates [1].

Sexual activity is an essential component of patient and partner quality of life for men and women with cardiovascular disease (CVD) [2]. Decreased sexual activity and function are common in patients with CVD and are often interrelated to anxiety and depression [3,4].

A vast majority of patients wouldn't be capable to resume their normal sexual activity after a cardiac event, acute myocardial infarction, percutaneous coronary intervention, coronary artery bypass graft, or valvular surgery [5,6]. Various studies have demonstrated that sexual dysfunction shares several modifiable risk factors CVD including atherosclerosis, hypertension, dyslipidemia, diabetes mellitus, smoking, obesity and sedentary lifestyle. In patients with sexual dysfunction, perception of well-being and self-esteem is generally depressed and contributes to worsen quality of life (QoL) [7,8].

Sexual dysfunction may be categorized into four types: loss of libido, erectile dysfunction (ED), ejaculatory insufficiency, and anorgasmic states [9]. Normal sexual function requires both intact health circulation and normal hormonal profile. However Cardiopulmonary bypass (CPB) for on-pump CABG can affect serum levels of androgenic hormones, especially testosterone that maintains the normal sexual activity [10].

Taken into the consideration, cultural influences on sexual behavior, Egyptian culture is one that may have a pathogenic role where cultural beliefs may cause stress and severe emotional pain in cases of male sexual dysfunction. Thus, cardiothoracic surgeons are usually facing many challenges with their CABG patients both pre and post operatively, as reflected in many of their referrals to clinics.

Male sexual dysfunction affects about 10–25% of middle-aged worldwide [11]. At least 75% of patients with heart disease experience one or more types of sexual dysfunction [12]. However Egyptian studies on male sexual dysfunction pre and post CABG surgeries are scarce. Therefore, we were interested in comparing the rate of sexual dysfunction among male patients before and after CABG surgery and whether certain patients' clinical and surgical variables would affect their sexual functions.

2. Patients and methods

Participants were recruited from male married patients that were candidate for elective first time on-pump CABG at the Cardiothoracic Surgery Centre, Ain Shams University hospitals, Cairo, Egypt during the interval between July 2015 till July 2016, 53 patients were included in the study. Inclusion criteria included: age below 60 years (to avoid the effect of aging on sexual function). Exclusion criteria included patients with history of drug abuse for sexual dysfunction before surgery time, however, those who were occasional users were not excluded, negative past history of psychiatric illness or medications,

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