Author's Accepted Manuscript

Ideology and redistribution through public spending

Helmut Herwartz, Bernd Theilen



PII: S0176-2680(16)30290-7

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejpoleco.2016.11.002

Reference: POLECO1610

To appear in: European Journal of Political Economy

Received date: 30 March 2016 Revised date: 14 October 2016 Accepted date: 20 November 2016

Cite this article as: Helmut Herwartz and Bernd Theilen, **Ideology and redistribution through public spending**, *European Journal of Politica Economy*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ejpoleco.2016.11.002

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Ideology and redistribution through public spending

Helmut Herwartz^{a*} and Bernd Theilen^{b†}
November 21, 2016

Abstract

For a panel of OECD economies (1980-2013) we analyse the scope of government ideology to shape patterns of public expenditures. To address if public expenditures are used to channel redistributive outcomes, we adopt a flexible panel error correction model and proceed in two steps: Firstly, we analyse if ideological positions matter for the sizing of the public sector. Secondly, we address the actual impact of government ideology on two disjoint categories of public expenditure that are characterized by distinguished redistributive effects. Under both, left-wing and right-wing governments, public spending shows progressively redistributive effects which are indirectly channelled through their policy response to changing macroeconomic, fiscal and demographic fundamentals. While right-wing governments act progressively redistributive under favourable socio-economic conditions, their left-wing counterparts do so under unfavourable conditions. Comparing the two effects in terms of their explanatory content, we find that the latter is stronger than the former.

JEL classification: H53, H87, I18, D72, F13, F60, C22, C23

Key words: Redistribution; Public expenditure; Government ideology; Electoral cycles; OECD panel data

^aDepartment of Economics, Georg-August-University Göttingen, Germany, E-mail: hherwartz@unigoettingen.de

^bDepartament d'Economia and CREIP, Universitat Rovira i Virgili, Spain, E-mail bernd.theilen@urv.es

^{*}The author declares that he has no relevant or material financial interests that relate to the research described in this work.

[†]We thank the associate editor Jan-Egbert Sturm, two anonymous referees and the participants at the XXIII Encuentro de Economia Pública in Orense and the 18th INFER Conference in Reus for their valuable comments. We also gratefully acknowledge support by Yabibal M. Walle providing panel unit root and cointegration diagnostics. Bernd Theilen gratefully acknowledges financial support from the Spanish *Ministerio de Ciencia e Innovación* under project ECO2013-42884-P.

دريافت فورى ب متن كامل مقاله

ISIArticles مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران

- ✔ امكان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگليسي
 - ✓ امكان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
 - ✓ پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
- ✓ امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
 - ✓ امكان دانلود رايگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
 - ✔ امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
 - ✓ دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
- ✓ پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات