## Accepted Manuscript

Regression Tree Ensembles for Wind Energy and Solar Radiation Prediction

Alberto Torres-Barrán, Álvaro Alonso, José R. Dorronsoro

 PII:
 S0925-2312(17)31522-9

 DOI:
 10.1016/j.neucom.2017.05.104

 Reference:
 NEUCOM 18885

To appear in: Neurocomputing

Received date:10 June 2016Revised date:25 March 2017Accepted date:29 May 2017

Please cite this article as: Alberto Torres-Barrán, Álvaro Alonso, José R. Dorronsoro, Regression Tree Ensembles for Wind Energy and Solar Radiation Prediction, *Neurocomputing* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.neucom.2017.05.104

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



## Regression Tree Ensembles for Wind Energy and Solar Radiation Prediction

Alberto Torres-Barrán<sup>a</sup>, Álvaro Alonso<sup>a</sup>, José R. Dorronsoro<sup>a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Dpto. Ing. Informática, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, 28049 Madrid, Spain <sup>b</sup>Inst. de Ing. del Conocimiento, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, 28049 Madrid, Spain

#### Abstract

The ability of ensemble models to retain the bias of their learners while decreasing their individual variance has long made them quite attractive in a number of classification and regression problems. In this work we will study the application of Random Forest Regression (RFR), Gradient Boosted Regression (GBR) and Extreme Gradient Boosting (XGB) to global and local wind energy prediction as well as to a solar radiation problem. Besides a complete exploration of the fundamentals of RFR, GBR and XGB, we will show experimentally that ensemble methods can improve on Support Vector Regression (SVR) for individual wind farm energy prediction, that GBR and XGB are competitive when the interest lies in predicting wind energy in a much larger geographical scale and, finally, that both gradient-based ensemble methods can improve on SVR in the solar radiation problem.

*Keywords:* Ensembles, Regression, Random Forest, Gradient Boosting Regression, XGBoost, Wind Energy, Solar Radiation

### . Introduction

A most desired property of any model is to make as compatible as possible the often conflicting goals of small bias and small variance. After the introduction of Random Forests by Leo Breiman [3] and of Gradient Boosting by Jerome

Preprint submitted to Neurocomputing

Email addresses: alberto.torres@uam.es (Alberto Torres-Barrán),

alv.alonso@estudiante.uam.es (Álvaro Alonso), jose.dorronsoro@uam.es (José R. Dorronsoro)

# دريافت فورى 🛶 متن كامل مقاله

- امکان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگلیسی
   امکان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
   پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
   امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
   امکان دانلود رایگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
   امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
   دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
   پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات
- ISIArticles مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران