Accepted Manuscript

Ignoring versus updating in working memory reveal differential roles of attention and feature binding

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PII: S0010-9452(17)30424-0

DOI: 10.1016/j.cortex.2017.12.016

Reference: CORTEX 2214

To appear in: Cortex

Received Date: 15 May 2017

Revised Date: 2 October 2017

Accepted Date: 21 December 2017

Please cite this article as: Fallon SJ, Mattiesing RM, Dolfen N, Manohar S, Husain M, Ignoring versus updating in working memory reveal differential roles of attention and feature binding, *CORTEX* (2018), doi: 10.1016/j.cortex.2017.12.016.

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Title page:

Manuscript Number: CORTEX-D-17-00408R2

Title: Ignoring versus updating in working memory reveal differential

roles of attention and feature binding

Article Type: SI:In Memory of Prof. Glyn Humphreys

Keywords: Working memory; attention; binding; irrelevant information

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Abstract: Ignoring distracting information and updating current contents

are essential components of working memory (WM). Yet, although both require controlling irrelevant information, it is unclear whether they have the same effects on recall and produce the same level of misbinding

errors (incorrectly joining the features of different memoranda). Moreover, the likelihood of misbinding may be affected by the feature similarity between the items already encoded into memory and the information that has to be filtered out (ignored) or updated into memory.

Here, we investigate these questions. Participants were sequentially presented with two pairs of arrows. The first pair of arrows always had to be encoded into memory, but the second pair either had to be ignored (ignore condition) or allowed to displace the previously encoded items (update condition). To investigate the effect of similarity on recall, we

also varied, in a factorial manner, whether the items that had to be ignored or updated were presented in the same or different colours and/or

same or different spatial locations to the original memoranda. By applying a computational model, we were able to quantify the levels of misbinding. Ignoring, but not updating, increased overall recall error as

well as misbinding rates, even when accounting for the retention period. This indicates that not all manipulations of attention in WM are equal

terms of their effects on recall and misbinding. Misbinding rates in the

ignore condition were affected by the colour and spatial congruence of relevant and irrelevant information to a greater extent than in the update condition. This finding suggests that attentional templates are used to evaluate relevant and irrelevant information in different ways during ignoring and updating. Together, the results suggest that differences between the two functions might occur due to higher levels of

attentional compartmentalisation -or protection -during updating compared $\dot{}$

to ignoring.

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