Accepted Manuscript

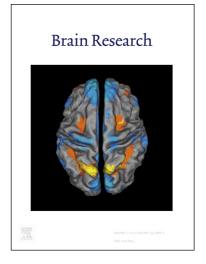
Research report

Odor preference and olfactory memory are impaired in Olfaxin-deficient mice

Saiful Islam, Masashi Ueda, Emika Nishida, Miao-xing Wang, Masatake Osawa, Dongsoo Lee, Masanori Itoh, Kiyomi Nakagawa, Tana, Toshiyuki Nakagawa

PII:	S0006-8993(18)30160-4
DOI:	https://doi.org/10.1016/j.brainres.2018.03.025
Reference:	BRES 45728
To appear in:	Brain Research

Received Date:21 November 2017Revised Date:19 February 2018Accepted Date:19 March 2018



Please cite this article as: S. Islam, M. Ueda, E. Nishida, M-x. Wang, M. Osawa, D. Lee, M. Itoh, K. Nakagawa, Tana, T. Nakagawa, Odor preference and olfactory memory are impaired in Olfaxin-deficient mice, *Brain Research* (2018), doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.brainres.2018.03.025

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

CCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Odor preference and olfactory memory are impaired in Olfaxin-deficient mice

Saiful Islam^{1,¶}, Masashi Ueda^{1,3,¶}, Emika Nishida^{1,¶}, Miao-xing Wang¹, Masatake Osawa², Dongsoo Lee², Masanori Itoh¹, Kiyomi Nakagawa¹, Tana¹, Toshiyuki Nakagawa^{1,*}

¹Department of Neurobiology, ²Department of Molecular Design and Synthesis, Gifu University Graduate School of Medicine, Gifu, Japan

³Present address: Institute for Developmental Research, Aichi Prefectural Colony, Aichi, Japan

* Corresponding author: E-mail: tnakagaw@gifu-u.ac.jp (TN)

MANUS These authors contributed equally to this work.

List of abbreviations: PRUNE2, prune homolog 2; BNIP, Bcl-2/adenovirus E1B 19 kDa-interacting protein; BNIPXL, BNIP2 extra long; BMCC1, BCH-motif-containing molecule at the C-terminal region 1; BCH, BNIP2, and Cdc42GAP homology

Abstract

Olfaxin, which is a BNIP2 and Cdc42GAP homology (BCH) domain-containing protein, is predominantly expressed in mitral and tufted (M/T) cells in the olfactory bulb (OB). Olfaxin and Caytaxin, which share 56.3% amino acid identity, are similar in their glutamatergic terminal localization, kidney-type glutaminase (KGA) interaction, and caspase-3 substrate. Although the deletion of Caytaxin protein causes human Cayman ataxia and ataxia in the mutant mouse, the function of Olfaxin is largely unknown. In this study, we generated *Prune2* gene mutant mice (*Prune2*^{Ex16-/-}; knock out [KO] mice) using the CRISPR/Cas9 system, during which the exon 16 containing start codon of Olfaxin mRNA was deleted. Exon 16 has 80 nucleotides and is contained in four of five Prune2 isoforms, including PRUNE2, BMCC1, BNIPXL, and Olfaxin/BMCC1s. The levels of *Olfaxin* mRNA and Olfaxin protein in the OB and piriform cortex of KO mice significantly decreased. Although Prune2 mRNA also significantly decreased in the spinal cord, the

دريافت فورى 🛶 متن كامل مقاله

- امکان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگلیسی
 امکان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
 پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
 امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
 امکان دانلود رایگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
 امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
 دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
 پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات
- ISIArticles مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران