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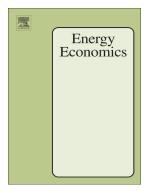
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Oil import tariff game for energy security: The case of China and

India

Xiao-Bing Zhang[†], Xinye Zheng^{††}, Ping Qin[§], Lunyu Xie^{*}

Abstract: This paper investigates the optimal quota/tariff polices for China and India, two of

the biggest developing countries who are facing the threat of possible oil supply disruptions,

with taking into their possible interactions in the common world oil market. Our results

indicate that the smaller (oil-importing) country may have higher incentive to free ride on the

quota/tariff policy of the larger country. Besides, the optimal tariffs for the two countries

would be larger in the cooperative case than those in the non-cooperative case. Moreover, the

benefits of cooperation would be larger with a 'disrupted' market state than that with a

'normal' market state, which is reflective of the fact that it is more necessary and important to

cooperate when the market state is worse.

JEL classification: P48, Q41, Q48

Keywords: Oil import tariff, Energy security, Developing countries

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