



ELSEVIER

Available online at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)

SCIENCE @ DIRECT®

Personality and Individual Differences 38 (2005) 1561–1569

PERSONALITY AND  
INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENCES

[www.elsevier.com/locate/paid](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/paid)

## Personality and subjective well-being: big five correlates and demographic variables

José Luis González Gutiérrez<sup>a,\*</sup>, Bernardo Moreno Jiménez<sup>b</sup>,  
Eva Garrosa Hernández<sup>b</sup>, Cecilia Peñacoba Puente<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *Facultad de Ciencias de la Salud, Universidad Rey Juan Carlos, Avda. Atenas s/n, Alcorcón 28922, Madrid, Spain*

<sup>b</sup> *Facultad de Psicología, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Ctra. de Colmenar km. 15, 28049 Madrid, Spain*

Received 27 February 2004; received in revised form 9 July 2004; accepted 23 September 2004

Available online 30 November 2004

---

### Abstract

This work examines the association between the Big Five personality dimensions, the most relevant demographic factors (sex, age and relationship status), and subjective well-being. A total of 236 nursing professionals completed the NEO Five Factor Inventory (NEO-FFI) and the Affect-Balance Scale (ABS). Regression analysis showed personality as one of the most important correlates of subjective well-being, especially through Extraversion and Neuroticism. There was a positive association between Openness to experience and the positive and negative components of affect. Likewise, the most basic demographic variables (sex, age and relationship status) are found to be differentially associated with the different elements of subjective well-being, and the explanation for these associations is highly likely to be found in the links between demographic variables and personality. In the same way as control of the effect of demographic variables is necessary for isolating the effect of personality on subjective well-being, control of personality should permit more accurate analysis of the role of demographic variables in relation to the subjective well-being construct.

© 2004 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

*Keywords:* Personality; Big Five; Subjective well-being; Demographic variables

---

\* Corresponding author. Tel.: +34 91 4888879; fax: +34 91 4888831.

E-mail address: [jlgonzalez@cs.urjc.es](mailto:jlgonzalez@cs.urjc.es) (J.L. González Gutiérrez).

## 1. Introduction

In the late 1990s, the meta-analysis by DeNeve and Cooper (1998) showed the existence of a large number of studies on the relationship between personality and the two dimensions of subjective well-being (Veenhoven, 1984): affective (positive affect, negative affect and the balance between them) and cognitive (life satisfaction). In terms of the Big Five dimensions, the above-mentioned study suggested Neuroticism as the most important predictor of negative affect and life satisfaction, while Extraversion and Agreeableness were identified as the dimensions with the greatest predictive capacity for positive affect. Responsibility has also been identified by some authors as a variable related to both positive affect and life satisfaction (Hayes & Joseph, 2003).

McCrae and Costa (1991) have suggested that Agreeableness and Conscientiousness would increase the probability of positive experiences in social and achievement situations, respectively, and this, in turn, is directly related to subjective well-being. On the other hand, Openness to experience should lead the person to experience both more positive emotional states and more negative ones. The same authors argue that Extraversion has an influence on positive affect, while Neuroticism influences negative affect. This has led them to assert that these two basic dimensions of personality lead to positive and negative affect, respectively (Costa & McCrae, 1980; McCrae & Costa, 1991).

Nevertheless, it would appear interesting to make a systematic analysis of the way personality is linked to the most relevant demographic factors (age, sex, relationship status, etc.) in relation to subjective well-being, given the possible existence of crossed effects between these elements (Charles, Reynolds, & Gatz, 2001). Although control of demographic variables in the study of the correlates between personality and subjective well-being has become standard practice (e.g., Hayes & Joseph, 2003), simultaneous control of both personality and demographics appears necessary in order to explore the associations between them in relation to subjective well-being. In this regard, contradictory findings in the relation between demographics and subjective well-being (e.g., Andrews & Withey, 1976; Stock, Okun, Haring, & Witter, 1983; Acock & Hurlbert, 1993; Ball & Robbins, 1986) may be due to the relationship of demographics with external third variables, among which personality seems especially relevant.

The aim of the present study is to analyze the correlates between the Big Five personality dimensions (Neuroticism, Extraversion, Openness to experience, Agreeableness and Conscientiousness) and the demographic variables most relevant to subjective well-being, systematically controlling and examining the associations between them.

## 2. Method

### 2.1. Sample and procedure

The sample was made up of 236 nursing professionals working in eight different departments at seven hospitals in Madrid (Spain). Thirty-two were men (13.6%) and 204 were women (86.4%). One hundred and seventy-one (72.5%) said they had a partner, and 65 (27.5%) said they had no partner. Mean age was 35.23 years ( $SD = 8.03$ ). Mean age of the men was 32.28 years ( $SD = 6.56$ ), and of the women, 35.70 ( $SD = 8.16$ ). Mean number of years in the profession was 13.18 ( $SD = 7.80$ ).

متن کامل مقاله

دریافت فوری ←

**ISI**Articles

مرجع مقالات تخصصی ایران

- ✓ امکان دانلود نسخه تمام متن مقالات انگلیسی
- ✓ امکان دانلود نسخه ترجمه شده مقالات
- ✓ پذیرش سفارش ترجمه تخصصی
- ✓ امکان جستجو در آرشیو جامعی از صدها موضوع و هزاران مقاله
- ✓ امکان دانلود رایگان ۲ صفحه اول هر مقاله
- ✓ امکان پرداخت اینترنتی با کلیه کارت های عضو شتاب
- ✓ دانلود فوری مقاله پس از پرداخت آنلاین
- ✓ پشتیبانی کامل خرید با بهره مندی از سیستم هوشمند رهگیری سفارشات